#### **2016 Annual PFAC Report:**

The survey questions concern PFAC activities in fiscal year 2016 only.

1. Hospital Name: MetroWest Medical Center, includes Framingham Union Hospital (Framingham) and Leonard Morse Hospital (Natick) NOTE: Massachusetts law requires every hospital to make a report about its PFAC publicly available. HCFA strongly encourages you to fill out a separate template for the hospital-wide PFAC at each individual hospital. 2a. Which best describes your PFAC? ☐ We are the only PFAC at a single hospital – **skip to #3 below** ☑ We are a PFAC for a system with several hospitals – **skip to #2C below** ☐ We are one of multiple PFACs at a single hospital ☐ We are one of several PFACs for a system with several hospitals – **skip to #2C below** Other (Please describe: \_\_\_\_\_ 2b. Will another PFAC at your hospital also submit a report? N/A ☐ Yes □ No ☐ Don't know 2c. Will another hospital within your system also submit a report?N/A ☐ Yes  $\square$  No ☐ Don't know 3. Staff PFAC Co-Chair Contact: 2a. Name and Title: Denise Schepici 2b. Email: Denise.Schepici@mwmc.com 2c. Phone: 508-383-1047 ☐ Not applicable 4. Patient/Family PFAC Co-Chair Contact: 3a. Name and Title: Karen Horowitz 3b. Email: Karen.Horowitz2@gmail.com 3c. Phone: 508-245-1911 ☐ Not applicable 5. Is the Staff PFAC Co-Chair also the Staff PFAC Liaison/Coordinator?  $\square$  Yes – skip **to** #7 (Section 1) below ☑ No – describe below in #6

	6.	Staff	<b>PFAC</b>	Liaison	/Coordinator	Contact
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5a. Name and Title: Cindy Reilly 5b. Email: Cindy Reilly@mwmc.com 5c. Phone: 508-383-1374

 $\square$  Not applicable

## **Section 1: PFAC Organization**

7. This year, th	e PFAC recruited new members through the following approaches (check all that apply):
	Case managers/care coordinators
	Community based organizations
	Community events
	Facebook and Twitter
	Hospital banners and posters
	Hospital publications
	Houses of worship
$\boxtimes$	Patient satisfaction surveys
	Promotional efforts within institution to patients or families
$\boxtimes$	Promotional efforts within institution to providers or staff
$\boxtimes$	Recruitment brochures
$\boxtimes$	Word of mouth / through existing members
	Other (Please describe:)
	N/A – we did not recruit new members in FY 2016
8. Total numbe	er of staff members on the PFAC: _8
9. Total numbe	er of patient or family member advisors on the PFAC: 5
10. The name o	f the hospital department supporting the PFAC is: Quality and Patient Safety_
11. The hospita Director	l position of the PFAC Staff Liaison/ Coordinator is Quality and Patient Safety Senior
12. The hospita	apply):
	Annual gifts of appreciation
	Assistive services for those with disabilities
	Conference call phone numbers or "virtual meeting" options
$\boxtimes$	Meetings outside 9am-5pm office hours
$\boxtimes$	Parking, mileage, or meals (meals, parking is free)
$\boxtimes$	Payment for attendance at annual PFAC conference
	Payment for attendance at other conferences or trainings
	Provision/reimbursement for child care or elder care
	Stipends
	Translator or interpreter services
	Other (Please describe:)

## **Section 2: Community Representation**

The PFAC regulations require that patient and family members in your PFAC be "representative of the community served by the hospital." If you are not sure how to answer the following questions, contact your community relations office or check "don't know."

Sudbury, Southborough, Framingham, Natick, Ashland, Holliston, Medway, Milford, Millis, Marlboro, Sherborn, Wayland, Hopkinton.

13. Our hospital's catchment area is geographically defined as:

☐ Don't know

14. Tell us about racial and ethnic groups in these areas (please provide percentages; if you are unsure of the percentages check "don't know"):

	RACE			ETHNICITY				
	% American Indian or Alaska Native	% Asian	% Black or African America n	% Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	% White	% Other	% Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin	
14a. Our defined catchment area	0.6	2.2	1.2	0.0	71.8	13.6	86.4	Don't know
14b. Patients the hospital provided care to in FY 2016	0.0	2.1	3.9	0.0	75.8	7.4	92.6	Don't know
14c. The PFAC patient and family advisors in FY 2016			12.5		87.5			□ Don't know

# 15. Tell us about languages spoken in these areas (please provide percentages; <u>if you are unsure of the percentages select "don't know"</u>):

	Limited English proficiency (LEP)	
	%	
15a. Patients the hospital provided care to in FY 2016		⊠ Don't Know**
15b. PFAC patient and family advisors in FY2016	0%	☐ Don't know

<sup>\*\*</sup> We however do know the number of occurrences in which interpretive services were utilized, which was 26,610 occurrences during this time period.

15c. What percentage of patients that the hospital provided care to in FY 2016 spoke the following as their primary language? This is the breakdown of number of services provided to each primary language cohort

	Number of interpretive services
Spanish	13,817
Portuguese	9118
Chinese	22
Haitian Creole	209
Vietnamese	42
Russian	791
French	38
Mon-Khmer/Cambodian	2
Italian	10
Arabic	343
Albanian	2
Cape Verdean	unk

□ Don't know

15d. In FY 2016, what percentage of PFAC patient and family advisors spoke the following as their primary language?

	%
Spanish	0
Portuguese	0
Chinese	0
Haitian Creole	0
Vietnamese	0
Russian	0
French	0
Mon-Khmer/Cambodian	0
Italian	0
Arabic	0
Albanian	0
Cape Verdean	0

☐ Don't know

16. The PFAC is undertaking the following activities to ensure appropriate representation of our membership in comparison to our patient or catchment area:

Outreach to community entities (schools, libraries, YMCA, etc)

**Creation of PFAC brochure** 

Identify members through feedback via letters or other forms of communication to senior leadership.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

## **Section 3: PFAC Operations**

17.	Our process for developing and distributing agendas for the PFAC meetings (choose):
	☐ Staff develops the agenda and sends it out prior to the meeting**
	☐ Staff develops the agenda and distributes it <b>at the meeting</b>
	☐ PFAC members develop the agenda and send it out prior to the meeting
	☐ PFAC members develop the agenda and distribute it <b>at the meeting</b>
	☐ PFAC members and staff develop agenda together and send it out prior to the meeting. (Please describe below in #17a)
	☑ PFAC members and staff develop agenda together and distribute it at the meeting. (Please describe below in #17a)
	Other process (Please describe below in #17b)
	□ N/A – the PFAC does not use agendas
	17a. If staff and PFAC members develop the agenda together, please describe the process:  ** the agenda is the result of discussion at the end of the prior meeting, at the discretion of the meeting membership.
	17b. If other process, please describe:
18.	The PFAC goals and objectives for 2016 were: (check the best choice):
	☐ Developed by staff alone
	☐ Developed by staff and reviewed by PFAC members
	☑ Developed by PFAC members and staff
	□ N/A – we did not have goals for FY 2016 – <b>Skip to #18</b>
19.	The PFAC had the following goals and objectives for 2016:
1.	Expand community membership using a PFAC brochure and the MetroWest website.  Increase diversity of the committee to reflect that of the community served by the hospital.  Work with Health Care for All (HCFA) in their mentoring program
2.	Work with key individuals to create opportunities for PFAC feedback in appropriate areas of innovation and patient related issues (STRAT team, construction team, e-mail)

3. Identify meaningful data to determine direction of council in relation to patient satisfaction
4. Community outreach volunteer program
5. Increase visibility and awareness of PFAC through outreach, social media, website
20. Please list any subcommittees that your PFAC has established: not applicable
21. How does the PFAC interact with the hospital Board of Directors (check all that apply):
☑ PFAC submits annual report to Board
☐ PFAC submits meeting minutes to Board
Action items or concerns are part of an ongoing "Feedback Loop" to the Board
☐ PFAC member(s) attend(s) Board meetings
☐ Board member(s) attend(s) PFAC meetings
☐ PFAC member(s) are on board-level committee(s)
Other (Please describe:)
□ N/A – the PFAC does not interact with the Hospital Board of Directors
22. Describe the PFAC's use of email, listservs, or social media for communication:
The majority of communication is direct to membership using e-mail.
□ N/A – We don't communicate through these approaches

#### **Section 4: Orientation and Continuing Education**

23. Number of new PFAC members this year: 2 24. Orientation content included (check all that apply): ⊠ "Buddy program" with experienced members ☐ Check-in or follow-up after the orientation Concepts of patient- and family-centered care (PFCC) ☐ General hospital orientation ☐ Health care quality and safety ☐ History of the PFAC ☐ Hospital performance information ☐ Immediate "assignments" to participate in PFAC work ☐ Information on how PFAC fits within the organization's structure ☐ Massachusetts law and PFACs ☐ Meeting with hospital staff ☐ Patient engagement in research ☐ PFAC policies, member roles and responsibilities ☐ Skills training on communication, technology, and meeting preparation Other (Please describe below in #24a) □ N/A – the PFAC members do not go through a formal orientation process 24a. If other, describe: New Members are provided a packet that includes Charter and basic hospital orientation meeting material, CORI check required.

The FFAC received training on the following topics:
☐ Concepts of patient- and family-centered care (PFCC)
☐ Health care quality and safety measurement
☐ Health literacy
☐ A high-profile quality issue in the news in relation to the hospital (e.g. simultaneous surgerie treatment of VIP patients, mental patient discharge, etc)
☐ Hospital performance information
Patient engagement in research PFAC member serves as IRB member
☑ Types of research conducted in the hospital—PFAC member serves as IRB member
Other (Please describe below in #25a)
□ N/A – the PFAC did not receive training
25a. If other, describe:

## Section 5: FY 2016 PFAC Impact and Accomplishments

The following information only concerns PFAC activities in the fiscal year 2016.

### 26. The five greatest accomplishments of the PFAC were:

Accomplishment	Idea came from	PFAC role can be best
		described as
26a. Accomplishment 1:  Community outreach	☐ Patient/family advisors of the PFAC ☐ Department, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input	☐ Being informed about topic ☐ Providing feedback or perspective ☐ Discussing and influencing decisions/agenda ☐ Leading/co leading
26b. Accomplishment 2: Addition of new members	☐ Patient/family advisors of the PFAC ☐ Department, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input	☐ Being informed about topic ☐ Providing feedback or perspective ☐ Discussing and influencing decisions/agenda ☐ Leading/co leading
26c. Accomplishment 3: Creation of PFAC brochure	☐ Patient/family advisors of the PFAC ☐ Department, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input	☐ Being informed about topic ☐ Providing feedback or perspective ☐ Discussing and influencing decisions/agenda ☐ Leading/co leading
26d. Accomplishment 4: Feedback on Infection Control signage	☐ Patient/family advisors of the PFAC ☑ Department, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input	☐ Being informed about topic ☐ Providing feedback or perspective ☐ Discussing and influencing decisions/agenda ☐ Leading/co leading

	26e. Accomplishment 5: Cancer Center project feedback	☐ Patient/family advisors of the PFAC ☑ Department, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input	☐ Being informed about topic ☐ Providing feedback or perspective ☐ Discussing and influencing decisions/agenda ☐ Leading/co leading		
27	7. The five greatest challenges the PFA	AC had in FY 2016:			
	27a. Challenge 1: Identifying new members				
	27b. Challenge 2:  Increase diversity of membership to reflect MWMC Catchment areas				
	27c. Challenge 3: Expand opportunities for feedback	in hospital projects			
	27d. Challenge 4: Change in PFAC administrative lea	dership after retirement of	Administrative Co-Chair.		
	27e. Challenge 5:  Expanding communication in hosp feedback	ital to remind employees of	opportunities for PFAC		
	□ N/A – we did not encounter any challenges in FY 2016				

28. The PFAC members serve on the following hospital-wide committees, projects, task forces, work groups, or Board committees:
Behavioral Health/substance use
☐ Bereavement
☐ Board of Directors
☐ Care Transitions
☐ Code of Conduct
☐ Community Benefits
☐ Critical Care
☐ Culturally competent care
☐ Discharge Delays
☑ Diversity & Inclusion
☐ Drug Shortage
☐ Eliminating Preventable Harm
☐ Emergency Department Patient/Family Experience Improvement
☐ Ethics
☐ Institutional Review Board (IRB)
$\square$ Lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) – sensitive care
☐ Patient Care Assessment
☐ Patient Education
☐ Patient and Family Experience Improvement
☐ Pharmacy Discharge Script Program
🗵 Quality and Safety
☐ Quality/Performance Improvement
☐ Surgical Home
☑ Other (Please describe: Cancer Committee)
$\square$ N/A – the PFAC members do not serve on these – <b>Skip to #30</b>
29. How do members on these hospital-wide committees or projects report back to the PFAC about the work?
Update at next convened PFAC meeting.
30. The PFAC provided advice or recommendations to the hospital on the following areas mentioned in the Massachusetts law (check all that apply):
☐ Institutional Review Boards
Patient and provider relationships
☐ Patient education on safety and quality matters

	△ Quality improvement initiatives –All quality initiates impacting cancer patient.
	$\square$ N/A – the PFAC did not provide advice or recommendations to the hospital on these areas in FY 2016
	AC members participated in the following activities mentioned in the Massachusetts law (check tapply):
	Advisory boards/groups or panels
	☐ Award committees
	Co-trainers for clinical and nonclinical staff, in-service programs, and health professional trainees
	☐ Search committees and in the hiring of new staff
	☐ Selection of reward and recognition programs
	☒ Standing hospital committees that address quality
	☐ Task forces
	□ N/A – the PFAC members did not participate in any of these activities
32. Th that ap	e hospital shared the following public hospital performance information with the PFAC (check all oply):
	32a. Complaints and serious events
	☑ Complaints and investigations reported to Department of Public Health (DPH)
	Healthcare-Associated Infections (National Healthcare Safety Network)
	Patient complaints to hospital
	<ul><li>✓ Serious Reportable Events reported to Department of Public Health (DPH)</li><li>32b. Quality of care</li></ul>
	☐ High-risk surgeries (such as aortic valve replacement, pancreatic resection)
	$\square$ Joint Commission Accreditation Quality Report (such as asthma care, immunization, stroke care)
	Medicare Hospital Compare (such as complications, readmissions, medical imaging)
	☐ Maternity care (such as C-sections, high risk deliveries)  32c. Resource use, patient satisfaction, and other
	☐ Inpatient care management (such as electronically ordering medicine, specially trained doctors for ICU patients)
	Patient experience/satisfaction scores (eg. HCAHPS - Hospital Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems)
	Resource use (such as length of stay, readmissions)
	I resource use (such as ferigation study) readmissions)

Different areas were identified as priority for communication. Areas were selected as to the importance of the information and being respectful of meeting time constraints.  34. Please describe how the PFAC was engaged in discussions around these data in #32 above and any resulting quality improvement initiatives:  The membership has the opportunity to ask questions relating to the disclosed information, request additional follow-up or a meeting in which a particular take—away is discussed at a future meeting intended in activities related to the following state or national quality of care initiatives (check all that apply):  35a. National Patient Safety Hospital Goals  Identifying patient safety risks  Identifying patients correctly  Preventing infection  Preventing mistakes in surgery  Using alarms safely  35b. Prevention and errors  Care transitions (e.g., discharge planning, passports, care coordination, and follow up between care settings)  Checklists  Electronic Health Records—related errors  Hand-washing initiatives  Human Factors Engineering  Fall prevention  Team training  Safety  35c. Decision-making and advanced planning  End of life planning (e.g., hospice, palliative, advanced directives)  Health care proxies  Improving information for patients and families  Informed decision making/informed consent  35d. Other quality initiatives	33. Plea	ase explain why the hospital shared only the data you checked in Q 32 above:
resulting quality improvement initiatives:  The membership has the opportunity to ask questions relating to the disclosed information, request additional follow-up or a meeting in which a particular take — away is discussed at a future meeting in which a particular take — away is discussed at a future meeting in which a particular take — away is discussed at a future meeting in which a particular take — away is discussed at a future meeting in which a particular take — away is discussed at a future meeting in the constant of the constant in the constan		
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additional follow-up or a meeting in which a particular take—away is discussed at a future meeting    35. The PFAC participated in activities related to the following state or national quality of care initiatives (check all that apply):   35a. National Patient Safety Hospital Goals   Identifying patients safety risks   Identifying patients correctly   Preventing infection   Preventing mistakes in surgery   Using medicines safely   Using nalarms safely   35b. Prevention and errors   Care transitions (e.g., discharge planning, passports, care coordination, and follow up between care settings)   Checklists   Electronic Health Records -related errors   Hand-washing initiatives   Human Factors Engineering   Fall prevention   Team training   Safety   35c. Decision-making and advanced planning   End of life planning (e.g., hospice, palliative, advanced directives)   Health care proxies   Improving information for patients and families   Informed decision making/informed consent		
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Identifying patients correctly   Preventing infection   Preventing mistakes in surgery   Using medicines safely   Using alarms safely   35b. Prevention and errors   Care transitions (e.g., discharge planning, passports, care coordination, and follow up between care settings)   Checklists   Electronic Health Records −related errors   Hand-washing initiatives   Human Factors Engineering   Fall prevention   Team training   Safety   35c. Decision-making and advanced planning   End of life planning (e.g., hospice, palliative, advanced directives)   Health care proxies   Improving information for patients and families   Informed decision making/informed consent		
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<ul> <li>□ Preventing mistakes in surgery</li> <li>□ Using medicines safely</li> <li>35b. Prevention and errors</li> <li>□ Care transitions (e.g., discharge planning, passports, care coordination, and follow up between care settings)</li> <li>□ Checklists</li> <li>□ Electronic Health Records –related errors</li> <li>□ Hand-washing initiatives</li> <li>□ Human Factors Engineering</li> <li>☑ Fall prevention</li> <li>□ Team training</li> <li>☑ Safety</li> <li>35c. Decision-making and advanced planning</li> <li>☑ End of life planning (e.g., hospice, palliative, advanced directives)</li> <li>☑ Health care proxies</li> <li>☑ Improving information for patients and families</li> <li>☑ Informed decision making/informed consent</li> </ul>		
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Using alarms safely 35b. Prevention and errors  ☐ Care transitions (e.g., discharge planning, passports, care coordination, and follow up between care settings) ☐ Checklists ☐ Electronic Health Records –related errors ☐ Hand-washing initiatives ☐ Human Factors Engineering ☒ Fall prevention ☐ Team training ☒ Safety 35c. Decision-making and advanced planning ☒ End of life planning (e.g., hospice, palliative, advanced directives) ☒ Health care proxies ☒ Improving information for patients and families ☒ Informed decision making/informed consent		☐ Preventing mistakes in surgery
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☐ Informed decision making/informed consent		
ABO   1100 P 0110 1111 1011 100		

oxtimes Disclosure of harm and apology	
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ Integration of behavioral health care	
$\square$ Rapid response teams	
Other (Please describe	)
$\square$ N/A – the PFAC did not work in quality of care initiatives	
36. Were any members of your PFAC engaged in advising on	research studies?
⊠ Yes	
☐ No – Skip to #40 (Section 6)	
37. In what ways are members of your PFAC engaged in adv	ising on research studies? Are they:
Educated about the types of research being co	nducted
$\square$ Involved in study planning and design	
$\square$ Involved in conducting and implementing stu	dies
<ul> <li>Involved in advising on plans to disseminate s</li> <li>communicated in understandable, usable ways</li> </ul>	tudy findings and to ensure that findings are
☐ Involved in policy decisions about how hospit work on a policy that says researchers have to incl study)	
38. How are members of your PFAC approached about advis	ing on research studies?
☐ Researchers contact the PFAC	
$\square$ Researchers contact individual members, who	report back to the PFAC
$\boxtimes$ Other (Please describe below in #38a)	
☐ None of our members are involved in research	studies
38a. If other, describe:	
PFAC member is voting community mem	ber on IRB
39. About how many studies have your PFAC members advi	sed on?
☐ 1 or 2	
□ 3-5	
☑ More than 5	
$\square$ None of our members are involved in research	studies

### **Section 6: PFAC Annual Report**

We strongly suggest that all PFAC members approve reports prior to submission.

40. The following individuals approved this report prior to submission (list name and indicate whether staff or patient/family advisor):

All PFAC members who attended the convened September 7, 2016 meeting

41. Describe the process by which this PFAC report was completed and approved at your institution (choose the best option).
oximes Collaborative process: staff and PFAC members both wrote and/or edited the report
☐ Staff wrote report and PFAC members reviewed it
☐ Staff wrote report
Other (Please describe:)
Massachusetts law requires that each hospital's annual PFAC report be made available to the public upon request. Answer the following questions about the report:
42. We post the report online.
Yes, link: <a href="https://www.hcfama.org/sites/">https://www.hcfama.org/sites/</a>
42 M/s marrids a mhome mumber on a mail address on our visheits to use for requesting the moment
43. We provide a phone number or e-mail address on our website to use for requesting the report.  Xes, phone number/e-mail address: Jeanne Henson
Jeanne.Henson@mwmc.com at 508-383-1096
$\square$ No
44. Our hospital has a link on its website to a PFAC page.
Yes, link:
oxtimes No, we don't have such a section on our website