# 2016 Annual PFAC Report: South Shore Hospital

Q130. Which best describes you <sup>C</sup> We are the only PFAC at a s		
<sup>C</sup> We are a PFAC for a system		
• We are one of multiple PFAC	S at a single hospital	
<sup>C</sup> We are one of several PFAC	s for a system with several hospitals	
Other (please describe):		
Q126. Will another PFAC at your	r hospital also submit a report?	
○Yes		
<sup>⊙</sup> No		
C Don't know		
Q127. Will another hospital withir	າ your system also submit a report?	
CYes		
<sup>⊙</sup> No		
C Don't know		
Q2. Staff PFAC Co-Chair Contac	ot:	
Name and Title:	Sandra Geiger, VP P	
Email:	sandra_geiger@ssho	
Phone:	(781) 624-8795	
Q2a. Is the Staff PFAC Co-Chair	r also the Staff PFAC Liaison/Coordinator?	
<sup>C</sup> Yes		
<sup>⊙</sup> No		
CNA		

Name and Title:	Julie Kembel	
Email:	jakembel@NLAbooks	
Phone:	(781) 749-5315	
Q4. Staff PFAC Liaison/Coordi	nator Contact (if applica	able):
Name and Title:	Michele Driscoll, Adı	
Email:	michele_driscoll@ss	
Phone:	(781) 624-4047	
Q23. Section 1: PFAC Organizatio	n	
Q6. This year, the PFAC recru	ited new members throu	ugh the following approaches (check all that apply):
		□Case managers / care coordinators
Promotional efforts within institution to patients or families		Patient satisfaction surveys
Promotional efforts within in	stitution to providers or	
□Facebook and Twitter		☐Houses of worship
Recruitment brochures		□Community events
✓ Hospital publications		□Other
☐Hospital banners and poster	'S	□N/A - we did not recruit new members in FY 2016
Q6a. Please describe other red	ruitment approach:	
This question was not displayed to the re	espondent.	
Q7. Total number of staff memb	pers on the PFAC:	
5		

Q8. Total number of patient or family member advisors on the PFAC:

14

Q9. The name of the hospital department supporting tr	ne PFAC is:
Performance Excellence	
Q10. The hospital position of the PFAC Staff Liaison/	Coordinator is:
Michele Driscoll	
Q11. The hospital provides the following for PFAC me (click all that apply):	mbers to encourage their participation in meetings
<b>⊘</b> Parking, mileage, or meals	Payment for attendance at other conferences or trainings
□Translator or interpreter services	☑Annual gifts of appreciation
□ Assistive services for those with disabilities	Conference call phone numbers or "virtual meeting options
Provision / reimbursement for child care or elder care	
□Stipends	□Other
Payment for attendance at annual PFAC conference	N/A - the hospital does not reimburse PFAC members
Q11a. Please describe other provision by the hospital	for PFAC members:
This question was not displayed to the respondent.	
Q24. Section 2: Community Representation	
Q108. The PFAC regulations require every PFAC t hospital, which is described below.	o represent the community served by the
Q12. Our catchment area is geographically defined a	as ( <u>if you are unsure select "don't know"</u> ):
White	
Q12D.	
□Don't know catchment area	

## Q121.

Tell us about racial and ethnic groups in your area (please provide percentages; <u>if you are unsure of the percentages select "don't know"</u>).

Q13aR. Our defined catchment area is made up of the following racial groups (<u>please provide percentages</u>; if you are unsure of percentages please select "don't know"):

American Indian or Alaska Native	<1%
Asian	7%
Black or African American	3%
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	<1%
White	87%
Other	1%

	a	1	
w	9	1	

□Don't know racial groups

Q13aE. What percentage of people in the defined catchment area are of Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin?

2%

Q92.

□Don't know origins

Q13bR. In FY 2016, the hospital provided care to patients from the following racial groups (please provide percentages):

American Indian or Alaska Native	<1%
Asian	1%
Black or African American	3%
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	<1%
White	92%
Other	2%

Q93.	
□Don't know racial groups	
Q13bE. What percentage of patie or Spanish origin?	ents that the hospital provided care to in FY 2016 are of Hispanic, Latino,
1%	
Q95.	
□Don't know origins	
Q13cR. In FY 2016, the PFAC paperovide percentages):	atient and family advisors came from the following racial groups (please
American Indian or Alaska Native	
Asian	
Black or African American	
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	
White	100%
Other	
Q97.  □ Don't know racial groups	
Spanish origin?	patient and family advisors in FY 2016 were of Hispanic, Latino, or
0% Q99.	
$\square$ Don't know origins	

Q122. Tell us about languages spoken in your area (please provide percentages; if you are unsure of the percentages select "don't know").

Q117. What percentage of proficiency (LEP)?	patients that the hospital provided care to in FY 2016 have limited English
6%	
Q118.	
□Don't know percentage	that have limited English proficiency (LEP)
Q126. What percentage of primary language?	patients that the hospital provided care to in FY 2016 spoke the following as the
Spanish	0.27%
Portuguese	0.65%
Chinese	0.07%
Haitian Creole	0.11%
Vietnamese	0.14%
Russian	0.02%
French	0.04%
Mon-Khmer/Cambodian	0.01%
Italian	0.05%
Arabic	0.24%
Albanian	0.08%
Cape Verdean	0.03%
Q127.	
□Don't know primary lang	juages
Q119. What percentage of (LEP)?	PFAC patient and family advisors in FY 2016 have limited English proficiency
0%	
Q120.	
□Don't know percentage	that have limited English proficiency (LEP)

Q123. In FY 2016, what percentage of PFAC patient and family advisors spoke the following as their primary language?

Spanish	0%
Portuguese	0%
Chinese	0%
Haitian Creole	0%
Vietnamese	0%
Russian	0%
French	0%
Mon-Khmer/Cambodian	0%
Italian	0%
Arabic	0%
Albanian	0%
Cape Verdean	0%

## Q124.

☐ Don't know primary languages

#### Q14.

The PFAC is undertaking the following activities to ensure appropriate representation of our membership in comparison to our patient or catchment area:

1. Investigating ways we can increase diversity of members in our current recruitment efforts 2. Alignment of PFAC efforts with health system strategic plan to move to population health

#### Q110. Section 3: PFAC Operations

Q15. Our process for developing and distributing agendas for the PFAC meetings (click the best choice):

- Staff develops the agenda and sends it out prior to the meeting
- PFAC members and staff develop agenda together and send it out prior to the meeting
- Staff develops the agenda and distributes it at the meeting
- PFAC members and staff develop agenda together and distribute it at the meeting
- PFAC members develop the agenda and send it out other prior to the meeting
- PFAC members develop the agenda and distribute it at the meeting
- ON/A the PFAC does not use agendas

Q112. If staff and PFAC members develop the agenda together, please describe the process:

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q113. If other process, please describe:

The council hospital leadership, Chief Medical Officer and Vice President Performance Excellence meet with the co-chairs to create the monthly agenda. A drafted agenda is sent to the co-chairs for review and approval, a pre-meeting message is created by the co-chairs and sent to all council members.

#### Q16.

The PFAC goals and objectives for 2016 were: (select the best choice):

- O Developed by staff and reviewed by PFAC members
- © Developed by PFAC members and staff
- <sup>C</sup> N/A we did not have goals and objectives for FY 2016
- C Developed by staff alone

## Q17. The PFAC had the following goals and objectives for 2016:

1. Advance to a council that supports a system of care 2. Advance the principles of patient and family centered care throughout the system 3. Strengthen the legacy of the council and its advisors

#### Q18. Please list any subcommittees that your PFAC has established:

1. HR interviewing committee works with the Human Resources department to interview candidates for leadership positions. 2. Nominating committee identifies current council members for the position of PFAC chair(s). 3. Recruitment committee is responsible for recruiting new community and staff members for council seats. 4. Education committee is responsible providing education on the principles of patient and family centered care to all staff including new employees through general hospital orientation, providing education and mentorship to new community and staff council members. 5. Strategic Planning committee convenes annually to develop the strategic goals of the council 6. Bylaws committee convenes annually to review the council bylaws and recommend revisions as needed.

Q19. How does the PFAC interact with the hospital Bo	ard of Directors (click all that apply):	
□PFAC submits meeting minutes to Board	$\ ^{ m N/A}$ – the PFAC does not interact with the Hospital Board of Directors	
▼PFAC member(s) attend(s) Board meetings	□Other	
☑Board member(s) attend(s) PFAC meetings	Action items or concerns are part of an ongoing "Feedback Loop" to the Board	
Q114. Please describe other interactions with the hosp	pital Board of Directors.	
This question was not displayed to the respondent.		
Q20. Describe the PFAC's use of email, listservs, or s	ocial media for communication:	
South Shore Hospital's PFAC utilizes a distribution list (PDL) which allows internal hospital staff to communicate with all members of the council at the same time, in additional there is individual contact information available for each member.		
Q109. Section 4: Orientation and Continuing Education		
Q21. Number of new PFAC members this year:		

✓ Meeting with hospital staff	<b>⊘</b> Other
General hospital orientation  General hospital orientation	□In-person training
☐Hospital performance information	□Massachusetts law and PFACs
□Patient engagement in research	Concepts of patient- and family-centered care (PFCC)
▼PFAC policies, member roles and responsibilities	Skills training on communication, technology, and meeting preparation
⊟Health care quality and safety	Immediate "assignments" to participate in PFAC work
☑History of the PFAC	□Check-in or follow-up after the orientation
	N/A – the PFAC members do not go through a formal orientation process
Information on how PFAC fits within the organization's structure	
Q115. Please describe other orientation content:  Active alumni group meet monthly and assists with re	cruitment and on-boarding new members.
Q23. The PFAC received training on the following topic	cs (click all that apply):
Concepts of patient- and family-centered care (PFCC)	
□Patient engagement in research	A high-profile quality issue in the news in relation to □the hospital (e.g. simultaneous surgeries, treatment of VIP patients, mental patient discharge, etc)
□Types of research conducted in the hospital	<b> ⊘</b> Other
✓ Hospital performance information	□Health literacy
□Not Applicable	
Q116. Please describe other topics:	
Mentoring from alumni (experienced advisors) on wa colleagues and leaders.	ys to be most effective at collaborating with hospital

## Q111. Section 5: FY 2016 PFAC Impact and Accomplishments

Q22. Orientation content included (click all that apply):

Q83. The following information only concerns PFAC activities in the fiscal year 2016.

Q24. The five greatest accomplishments of the PFAC were:

## Q24a. Accomplishment 1:

South Shore hospital continues on the Lean journey and believes that our customer defines the value of our services, PFAC members have been involved with the surgical value stream and emergency department value stream(s) to help us identify value add and non-value added to our processes. PFAC members play an important role providing the view of the patient but also in helping make sure the principles of patient and family centered care are always present as we make changes to create exceptional experiences for our patients and families.

Q24al. The idea for Accomplishment 1 came from:

## Q24b. Accomplishment 2:

PFAC members actively participated in the 2016 Walk for Hospice, with the assistance of the staff liaisons' a team was created. The teams fundraising goal was reached by individual donations and by hosting a bake sale. The team offered an informational table at the walk consisting of brochures, posters and buttons which was manned by a co-chair and other council members

Q24bl. The idea for Accomplishment 2 came from:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Patient/family advisors of the PFAC

<sup>©</sup> Department, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input

<sup>©</sup> Patient/family advisors of the PFAC

O Department, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input

## Q24c. Accomplishment 3:

The Home Care Division PFAC presented at the International Patient and Family Centered Care conference in July 2016, their topic was "Going Home with PFCC". The team prepared a power point presentation, talking points, video and "take away" materials for their presentation. The Cancer Center PFAC's abstract for a poster presentation was also accepted by the Institute for Patient and Family Centered Care; their poster board presentation titled "A Design in Time: The Architectural Project that Established a Patient – and-Family Centered Culture.

Q24cl. The idea for Accomplishment 3 came from:

## Q24d. Accomplishment 4:

PFAC members that are part of the HR Interviewing committee were involved in interviewing candidates for high level positions (i.e. Medical Chiefs, Vice Presidents and Directors)

Q24d. The idea for Accomplishment 4 came from:

## Q24e. Accomplishment 5:

PFAC advisors provided significant input on the planning and design phases of the new ICU and "step down" unit; including accommodations for families and visitors.

Q24e. The idea for Accomplishment 5 came from:

Patient/family advisors of the PFAC

Operatment, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Patient/family advisors of the PFAC

<sup>©</sup> Department, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Patient/family advisors of the PFAC

<sup>©</sup> Department, committee, or unit that requested PFAC input

Q25. The five greatest challenges the PFAC had in FY 2016:
□N/A – we did not encounter any challenges in FY 2016
Q25a. Challenge 1:
As we strive to have a diverse PFAC, recruitment remains to be a challenge
Q25b. Challenge 2:
Matching system improvement priorities with patient advisement activity
Q25c. Challenge 3:
Council education and mentorship
Q25d. Challenge 4:
Identifying future leaders of the hospital PFAC
Q25e. Challenge 5:
Engaging and educating all staff at all levels about Patient and Family Centered Care and the principles

Q26. The PFAC members serve on the following hospi groups, or Board committees (click all that apply):	tal-wide committees, projects, task forces, work	
□Behavioral Health/substance use	□Eliminating Preventable Harm	
<b>₽</b> Bereavement	Emergency Department Patient/Family Experience Improvement	
	<b>⊽</b> Ethics	
□Code of Conduct	□Institutional Review Board (IRB)	
	□Patient Care Assessment	
□Critical Care	<b></b> ■ Patient Education	
<b> ⊘</b> Other		
$\square$ N/A – the PFAC members do not serve on these	□Pharmacy Discharge Script Program	
<b>☑</b> Board of Directors	<b></b> Quality and Safety	
□Discharge Delays	Quality/Performance Improvement	
Lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) – sensitive care	□Surgical Home	
□Drug Shortage	□Culturally competent care	
Front line falls committee, Opioid task force, My Charedesign	rt (Epic) work group, Critical care expansion and	
Q27. How do members on these hospital-wide committees or projects report back to the PFAC about their work?  Members participating in the hospital wide committees or projects report on their progress to PFAC during the monthly meetings (advisement updates). There is also continuous communication by members (community and staff) / co-chairs and coordinator on these and other topics.		
Q28. The PFAC provided advice or recommendations Massachusetts law (click all that apply):	to the hospital on the following areas mentioned in the	
Quality improvement initiatives	□Institutional Review Boards	
Patient education on safety and quality matters	N/A – the PFAC did not provide advice or □recommendations to the hospital on these areas in FY 2016	

Q29. PFAC members participated in the following active that apply):	vities mentioned in the Massachusetts law (click all
<b>⊽</b> Task forces	$\square^{\text{N/A}}$ – the PFAC members did not participate in any of these activities
□Award committees	Co-trainers for clinical and nonclinical staff, inservice programs, and health professional trainees
□Advisory boards/groups or panels	□Selection of reward and recognition programs
✓ Search committees and in the hiring of new staff	Standing hospital committees that address quality
Q30. The hospital shared the following public hosp all that apply):	oital performance information with the PFAC (click
Q30a. Complaints and serious events	
Complaints and investigations reported to Department of Public Health (DPH)	Healthcare-Associated Infections (National Healthcare Safety Network)
Serious Reportable Events reported to Department of Public Health (DPH)	Patient complaints to hospital
Q30b. Quality of care	
Joint Commission Accreditation Quality Report (such as asthma care, immunization, stroke care)	Maternity care (such as C-sections, high risk deliveries)
Medicare Hospital Compare (such as complications, readmissions, medical imaging)	High-risk surgeries (such as aortic valve replacement, pancreatic resection)
Q30c. Resource use and patient satisfaction	
Patient experience/satisfaction scores (eg. ☑HCAHPS - Hospital Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems)	Inpatient care management (such as electronically ordering medicine, specially trained doctors for ICU patients)
Resource use (such as length of stay, readmissions)	
Q30d. Other	
N/A – the hospital did not share performance information with the PFAC	_Other

This question was not displayed to the respondent.				
Q31. Please explain why the hospital shared only the o	data you checked in the previous questions:			
Data is shared openly with our PFAC; agendas this yand information distribution. Time constraints only all	year were shared equally with education, advisement low us to do so much.			
Q32. Please describe how the PFAC was engaged in discussions around these data above and any resulting quality improvement initiatives:				
Subject matter experts lead discussions and take PFAC feedback to hospital leaders working on performance improvement in those areas. PFAC members also sit on the Quality Council and Board Level Patient Care Assessment Committee where data and feedback is exchanged with full transparency.				
Q33. The PFAC participated in activities related to the following state or national quality of care initiatives (click all that apply):				
Q33a. National Patient Safety Hospital Goals				
□Identifying patients correctly	✓Preventing infection			
□Using medicines safely	✓Identifying patient safety risks			
Using alarms safely				
Q33b. Prevention and errors				
	□Team training			
<b></b> Checklists				
Fall prevention	□Safety			
Care transitions (e.g., discharge planning,	□Human Factors Engineering			

Q119. Please describe other hospital performance information:

Q33c. Decision-making and advanced planning	
□Informed decision making/informed consent	Health care proxies
☑Improving information for patients and families	End of life planning (e.g., hospice, palliative, advanced directives)
Q33d. Additional quality initiatives	
Rapid response teams	✓ Integration of behavioral health care
□Disclosure of harm and apology	
Q33e. Other	
N/A – the hospital did not share performance information with the PFAC	□Other
Q120. Please describe other initiatives:	
This question was not displayed to the respondent.	
Q34. Were any members of your PFAC engaged in a	advising on research studies?
<sup>C</sup> Yes	
© No	
Q35. In what ways are members of your PFAC engage	ged in advising on research studies? Are they:
This question was not displayed to the respondent.	
Q.36. How are members of your PFAC approached about a	dvising on research studies?
This question was not displayed to the respondent.	
Q121. Please describe other ways that members of ye	our PFAC are approached about advising on research

studies:

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### 0.37.

About how many studies have your PFAC members advised on?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q104.

**Section 6: PFAC Annual Report** 

#### Q107.

We strongly suggest that all PFAC members approve reports prior to submission.

Q37.5. The following individuals approved this report prior to submission (list name and indicate whether staff or patient/family advisor):

Sandra Geiger, VP Performance Excellence Sr. Leader liaison, Timothy Quigley VP Nursing / CNO Sr. Leader liasion, Julie Kembel patient / family advisor, Richard Elliott patient / family advisor, Bill Curtis patient / family advisor, Stephanie Peters patient / family advisor, Linda Wells patient / family advisor, Julie Hurley PA staff liaison, Pauline Powers staff liaison and Jackie Kilrain staff liaison.

Q38. Describe the process by which this PFAC report was completed and approved at your institution (choose the best option).

- Collaborative process: staff and PFAC members both wrote and/or edited the report
- <sup>⊙</sup> Staff wrote report and PFAC members reviewed it
- <sup>C</sup> Staff wrote report
- <sup>C</sup> Other

Q122. Please describe other process:

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q106.

Massachusetts law requires that each hospital's annual PFAC report be made available to the public upon request. Answer the following questions about the report:

Q39. We post the report online.	
<ul> <li>Yes, link:</li> <li>http://www.southshorehospital.org/patient-and-fa</li> <li>No</li> </ul>	
Q40. We provide a phone number or e-mail address on our website to use for requesting the repo	ort.
Yes, phone number/e-mail address: Michele Driscoll, (781) 624-4047, michele_driscoll@sshosp.org No	
Q41. Our hospital has a link on its website to a PFAC page.	
• Yes, link:	
http://www.southshorehospital.org/patient-and-f  No, we don't have such a section on our website	
NO, WE CONTINAVE SUCH A SECTION ON OUR WEDSILE	19